



## **Solid Foundations Primary School**

### **Assessment Policy (2025/11)**

#### **1. Introduction**

Our school recognises assessment as a process of gathering reliable information about the performance of a learner. This process is continuous, criterion referenced, diagnostic, summative and varied. As a private institution, the school follows its own Assessment Policy and does not adhere to the dates, assessment activities or provincial/national examinations provided or suggested by the Department of Education.

#### **2. The primary purposes of assessment**

- 2.1. To determine a learner's baseline achievement and subsequent progress and to lend assistance based on diagnostic evaluation.
- 2.2. To determine the effectiveness of teaching.
- 2.3. To determine the best teaching strategies that will enable learners to achieve.
- 2.4. To keep all interested parties informed of the learner's progress.

#### **3. Planning assessment**

- 3.1. The teacher's preparatory files contain an Assessment Plan for each term. (Alternatively, teachers may record assessment activities on general Year Plans, with some differentiation to identify them).

Plans reflect the following:

3.1.1. *Intersen Phase (Grade 4-7):*

<b>Subject</b>	<b><u>Minimum</u> number of planned formal assessment activities per term (Term 1, 2 &amp; 3)</b>	<b>Maximum “weight” of any individual assessment activity (Term 1, 2 &amp; 3)</b>	<b><u>Minimum</u> number of planned formal assessment activities (Term 4)</b>	<b>Maximum “weight” of any assessment activity (Term 4)</b>
English and Mathematics	6	25% of report mark (Grade 4 - 6)	1	100%
Afrikaans, NS, Geography, History	4	40% of report mark (Grade 7) <i>{Minimum weight of an exam mark Grade 4-7 is 25%}</i>		<i>{Minimum weight of an exam mark Grade 4-7 is 25%}</i>
LO, EMS and Technology	2	50% of report mark (Grade 4 – 7)	1	100% <i>{Minimum weight of an exam mark Grade 4-7 is 25%}</i>

3.1.1.1. Spelling will NOT be counted towards a comprehension mark in English assessment activities – assuming the learner’s words are recognisable. A learner can only lose a MAXIMUM of 20% in a comprehension activity for NOT writing in full sentences.

3.1.2. *Foundation Phase (Grade 1-3):*

Subject	<u>Minimum</u> number of planned formal assessment activities per term (Term 1, 2, 3 & 4, excluding Grade 1 Term 1)	Maximum “weight” of any assessment activity
English oral	3	50%
English spelling	6	20%
Reading	2	50%
Writing (Includes creative writing and general language activities)	3	50%
Comprehension (Not a requirement for Grade 1 assessment)	2 (Spelling will NOT be counted towards a comprehension mark – assuming the learner’s words are recognisable. A learner can only lose a MAXIMUM of 20% in a comprehension activity for NOT writing in full sentences.)	50%
Afrikaans	Grade 1: 5x vocabulary test	20%
	Grade 2: 5x vocabulary tests 2x writing activities 2x reading activities	20%
	Grade 3: 1x oral activity 1x reading activity 1x writing activity 1x spelling/ vocab activity 1x general language activity 1x comprehension activity	20%
Handwriting	Continuous	
Mathematics	6	50%

3.1.3. **Preschool:**

All assessment tasks (see criteria on report card for tasks) are repeated at least twice during an assessment cycle, but preferably thrice.

- 3.2. Per phase (Pre, Foundation, Intersen and Senior), the above-mentioned activities are the minimum requirements, but teachers may include more activities at their discretion, to establish a fair and continuous assessment result for their report marks.
- 3.3. Assessment Plans for Grade 5 – 7 are submitted to the Deputy Principal within the first week of each school term (4 times annually) who then checks to ensure that the workload for pupils is evenly spread between their subjects. The collated, edited and approved plan is given to parents within the first week of each term.
- 3.4. The school runs on 4 terms/ 4 assessment cycles, resulting in report cards given out the Tuesday of the second week after a school holiday (Terms 2, 3 and 4) and the last week of Term 4. The preschool year is divided into 2 assessment cycles, resulting in 2 report cards given out annually (first week in May, first week in December).
- 3.5. Grade 4-7 pupils must be given a clear indication of the content that will be covered in examinations at least three weeks before an examination, in a written demarcation. A demarcation is considered to be a list of content that will be examined on.
- 3.6. Grade 4-7 pupils may not be given new examinable content within the two-week period prior to their examinations beginning. Teachers may teach new content within this pre-exam period, but it may not be included in the exam.
- 3.7. Grade 4-7 pupils' homework should be reduced/ minimalised in the two-week period before exams.
- 3.8. Pupils must be given a clear indication of the content that should be covered in speeches, assignments and large tests (excluding foundation phase tests or senior primary "quizzes" where content will be given weekly) at least two weeks before the due date of these assessment activities.
- 3.9. Assessment activities must be marked and returned to the pupil within two weeks.

#### 4. **Pre-moderation and post-moderation of assessment activities**

- 4.1. In Grade 1 – 3, all assessment activities recorded in markbooks are pre-moderated by a second teacher in the school of the same grade, as both teachers will be doing the same proposed assessment activities. This pre-moderation process is undertaken before any activity is presented to the class. Pre-moderation involves the two teachers discussing an activity as well as the detailed rubric/memo for their marking of the activity. Evidence of pre-moderation will be apparent in that both mark books will reflect the same assessment activities, weighting the same amount. Post-moderation (checking the marking of two pupil samples) is only required for all writing, comprehension and mathematics activities recorded in markbooks (regardless of their weighting). Evidence of post-moderation will be a signed initial in the markbook next to each writing, comprehension and mathematics activity.
- 4.2. For Grade 4 – 7, all examinations and any other large assessments (weighting more than 20% of a term mark) are pre- and post-moderated by a second teacher in the school. This pre-moderation process is undertaken at least two weeks before the examination/assessment date (the date of the first exam in an exam cycle) and should be returned for pre-moderation to the teacher within 2 days by the moderator. Evidence of satisfactory pre-moderation is reflected on the title page which includes the author and the moderator's name e.g. "Grade 6 June Geography Exam. Set by ----, Moderated by ---- ."
- 4.3. The following factors are taken into consideration by the pre-moderator:
- 4.3.1. The fair distribution of easy, mediocre and difficult questions in any tests or examinations.
  - 4.3.2. The fair distribution between questions requiring the repetition of learned content, application of learned content, and comprehension of new content (case studies or comprehensions) in tests and examinations.
  - 4.3.3. The fair distribution between multiple choice, true-and-false, fill-in-the-blank, one word, paragraph and essay-type questions in tests and examinations.
  - 4.3.4. The accuracy of the given memo.
  - 4.3.5. The fairness of the mark allocation.
  - 4.3.6. The correct calculation of marks towards the assessment total.

- 4.3.7. Whether the assessment truly reflects learned knowledge and accurately captures a child's capabilities in the subject at the time of the assessment.
- 4.3.8. General spelling and grammar.
- 4.4. For Grade 4-7, the post moderation will work as follows:
  - 4.4.1. 2 samples of the pupil's completed assessments are selected at random.
  - 4.4.2. The person who set the assessments marks one.
  - 4.4.3. The moderator marks the other one of the assessments.
  - 4.4.4. The assessor and moderator exchange their marked assessments and re-mark in a colour different pen to see whether their marking concurs.
  - 4.4.5. Feedback is given and alterations are made if necessary.
- 4.5. For Grade 4-7, oral assessment activities weighing 20% or more should be post-moderated through video recordings or live repetitions (two samples).
- 4.6. Post-moderators use the rubric/memo provided by the teacher.
- 4.7. Post-moderators (Grade 1-7) must return assessments that have been moderated within two days of receiving them.
- 4.9. Mark discrepancies between original mark and post-moderator's mark, of more than 5%, will result in all tests/ assessments being re-marked and re-moderated.
- 4.10. Mark discrepancies between original mark, and post-moderator's mark, of less than 5%, will result in the pupil being allocated the highest mark of the two marks.
- 4.11. Consensus must be reached between the post moderator and teacher if alterations are required. If consensus cannot be reached, the teachers must bring the issue to the principal.
- 4.12. Once exams have been pre-moderated, edited and re-typed, a new exam copy must be given to the moderator to concur that changes were satisfactory.
- 4.13. Planned examinations are stored safely in the principal's office, or locked in a teacher's classroom cupboard, when not being marked or moderated.
- 4.14. Preschool moderation is only done through a pre-moderation procedure. All assessment activities are discussed between two preschool teachers, and the rubric is worked out in detail before-hand.

## 5. **Assessment methods, tools and techniques**

5.1. Our school recognises that a variety of methods and appropriate tools and techniques are used in the assessment process. Chosen methods, tools and techniques provide a range of opportunities for learners to demonstrate knowledge and skills.

Examples of recognised assessment methods and tools include:

- 5.1.1. Student self-assessment
- 5.1.2. Oral questions and answers (student interviews)
- 5.1.3. Textual questions and written answers
- 5.1.4. Examinations, quizzes and tests
- 5.1.5. Participation in class discussions
- 5.1.6. Peer assessment
- 5.1.7. Teacher observation
- 5.1.8. Written assignments
- 5.1.9. Journal entries
- 5.1.10. Worksheet assignments
- 5.1.11. Projects
- 5.1.12. Role play
- 5.1.13. Posters
- 5.1.14. Presentations and speeches
- 5.1.15. Constructions and design
- 5.1.16. Drawings and maps
- 5.1.17. Debates

## 6. **Recording of assessment**

- 6.1. Markbooks serve as a vehicle in which evidence of progress and performance is noted.
- 6.2. Markbooks are uncomplicated and easy to interpret (see policy on Internal Monitoring of Academic Standard for detailed requirements for markbook layout).
- 6.3. Markbooks indicate the progress of the learner continuously.

- 6.4. Every educator is responsible for the maintenance and timeous updating of his/ her markbook.
- 6.5. Markbooks indicate assessment results for planned formal assessment activities described in the teacher's Assessment Plan. All such assessment activities are dated (using the term and week e.g. T2W4) in the markbook, and these dates correlate with the annual Assessment Plan. Activities are also labelled with their weighting (out of the term mark) and their actual mark. Activities are also labelled briefly with a descriptive heading e.g. frog comprehension.
- 6.6. Markbooks may be subject to inspections by the principal at any time but will be formally inspected before the conclusion of each reporting cycle of Term 1, 2 and 3.
- 6.7. Markbooks may be used in hard copy or electronic format. Hard copy formats are submitted to the principal for inspection. Electronic markbooks must be saved on the cloud, in the Solid Foundations Google Drive.

## 7. **Report Cards**

- 7.7. Marks and percentages (per subject) on report cards are a summative reflection of the assessment activities reflected on the Assessment Plans.
- 7.8. The learner's report card in preschool (and the first report card of Grade 1) is a description of the perceived perceptual, social, academic and physical skills of the school beginner, and not a formal summative assessment of academic achievement in subjects e.g. English, Mathematics etc.
- 7.9. Marks and percentages on report cards may be accompanied by brief home-room teacher comments.
- 7.10. Report card comments and marks are submitted electronically to the principal at least one weekend (including Friday) before report card due dates. For the June exams, marks are submitted only after students have received feedback on their exams. Marks must be submitted to the principal by midnight on the first Thursday of the 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> term, and at least 4 days before the report due date of the final 4<sup>th</sup> term report.
- 7.11. Report cards have percentages to reflect academic attainment, along with the CAPS stipulated codes (1-7).

7.12. The following designated codes are used in reporting:

Code 7 Outstanding/ Excellent Achievement

Code 6 Good achievement

Code 5 Satisfactory achievement/ Average

Code 4 At risk/ Limited achievement

Code 3 Needs assistance/ Not meeting minimum requirements

Code 2 Struggling/ Not meeting most requirements

Code 1 Not achieving any requirements

7.9. Overall marks are converted to levels/codes for reporting. The following conversion table is used:

<b>Marks (%)</b>	<b>Codes</b>
80– 100%	7
70– 79%	6
60– 69%	5
50– 59%	4
40– 49%	3
30– 39%	2
0 - 29%	1

7.10. Reports are:

7.10.1. Uncomplicated and easily interpreted by the educator and by others.

7.10.2. Genuine, factual indications of the pupil's strengths and areas of support needed.

7.10.3. Readily accessible.

7.10.4. Kept in a secure place to protect the confidentiality of learner progression.

7.11. In Grade 5-7, any subject below 50% in that term or final year mark (year end report only) is circled on the report card by the homeroom teacher before being given to the pupil.

7.12. The report will reflect a mark for each term and then a final year promotion mark. The final year promotion mark is calculated as an average of the four terms (Grade 4-7) or an average

between the last two terms (Grade 1-3) with the exception of maths (all grades average all four terms).

- 7.13. Grade averages should ideally be within the ranges of 60% and 70%. If the grade average is above 70%, teachers should reconsider the manner in which their marks are weighted.

## **8. Parental involvement**

- 8.1. Parents/ guardians are notified via newsletter of report dates.
- 8.2. Parent Meetings are held within a two-week period of report cards being sent home. These meetings may be general or by invitation only, based on the discretion of the teacher. The teacher makes herself available directly before or after school to discuss report cards with parents should they wish to do so. These discussions are arranged by appointment through the school office.
- 8.5. Teachers keep a personal written record of any decisions and action plans developed in these parent meetings. Copies of these written records are submitted to the office for filing in learner profiles.

## **9. Possible retention of learners**

- 9.1. It is expected that in the main, learners will progress with their age cohort. In exceptional cases, a learner may be retained in the same grade if such a decision is in the best interest of the learner. It is not permitted for a learner to remain more than 4 years in a particular phase in the school.
- 9.2. The educator must have documented proof that the learner is experiencing severe difficulties with regards to learning, in order to retain a learner. The principal and parents are informed personally of this possibility by no later than the end of Term 3. The decision on the child's retention status is finalised after the fourth and final assessment cycle, and parents are advised accordingly. Any documents and proof relating to such a learner is made available to the parents/guardians upon request.

- 9.3. Should a parent request that a child be retained, even if the child meets the basic promotion requirements, this request will be taken into consideration by the school principal and permission may be granted in unique circumstances.
- 9.4. The principal retains a veto right regarding the passing and failing of pupils in extenuating circumstances.

***Retention of Grade 4-7 learners***

- 9.5. Solid Foundations recognises 50% (level) as the pass mark for all subjects.
- 9.6. In Grade 4-7, failing any subject by receiving below 50% for a final year mark is regarded as a failure to comply with a Solid Foundations Endorsed Pass for that grade.
- 9.7. In Grade 4-7, pupils failing to meet the requirements for a Solid Foundations Endorsed Pass, may meet the minimum requirements for the national progression requirements outlined by the Department of Basic Education. In this case, it is the parents’ prerogative to progress their child to the next grade with a Condoned Pass.

<b>Subjects</b>	<b>Solid Foundations Endorsed Pass</b>	<b>DBE pass according to National Policy (DBE NPPR 2021)</b>
English (Home language)	50% or more final year mark	50% or more final year mark
Afrikaans (First Additional Language)	50% or more final year mark	40% or more final year mark
Mathematics	50% or more final year mark	40% or more final year mark
All other subjects (e.g. NS, EMS, LO etc)	50% or more final year mark	Pass any 3 with minimum 40% and 2 with minimum 30% for final year mark

- 9.8. Should a child fail to attain a DBE pass, they may not progress to the next grade.

***Retention of Foundation Phase Learners***

- 9.9. The foundation phase (Grades 1, 2 and 3) report has the following criteria:

Reading	Core
Writing	Core
Comprehension	Core
Oral	Non-core
Spelling	Non-core
Mathematics	Core
Afrikaans	Non-core
Handwriting	Non-core

- 9.10. Learners receive a report with a percentage mark of what they have achieved at the end of every term. For all subjects other than Mathematics, a final year mark is calculated by using the average of Terms 3 and 4. The final Mathematics year mark is calculated using the average of all 4 terms.
- 9.11. A child will be repeated if their year mark is below 50% for any of the core subjects listed in the table above.
- 9.12. A child will not be repeated if they fail any non-core subjects.
- 9.13. In the event that a learner has failed a core subject, but there are extenuating and extreme circumstances, the teacher may use discretion in determining if a child should repeat a grade. The principal has veto power over all decisions in this regard.

***Retention of preschool learners in Grade RR and R***

- 9.14. The school acknowledges that school readiness is a vital milestone required for successful early education. As a private school, the school reserves the right to retain learners in Grade RR and R should it deem necessary and in the best interests of the child.
- 9.15. Pupils in Grade RR and R are subject to testing in July/August of the school year to assist the school in deciding about promoting a pupil. Pupils scoring below 60% in the Grade R entrance test and below 60% in the Grade 1 entrance test will not be considered for promotion to the

next grade. This score is taken into consideration together with the opinion of the child's teacher. The opinion of the teacher is weighted more heavily than the result of the test.

## **10. Assessment appeals and grievance procedure**

- 10.1. In the unlikely event that parents or learners have a grievance regarding a learner's mark, the parents or learner are encouraged to make an appointment with the teacher concerned to discuss the particular grievance.
- 10.2. Should this not result in a satisfactory resolution between the teacher and the parents/learners, the principal is consulted to act as a mediator in this regard.
- 10.3. Appeals and grievance cases are only considered in the period of one month after the report mark has been given.

## **11. Exam protocol**

- 11.1. The exam timetable will be reviewed annually by the principal. The timetable will give preference to teachers who have the heaviest marking load. Finalised exam timetables will be given to pupils at least 3 weeks prior to the examination period.
- 11.2. Timetables (and exam cover pages) must stipulate whether a student may use calculators dictionaries, or other aids. Where the timetable and exam do not mention this explicitly, it will be assumed that aids are not allowed.
- 11.3. Exams papers are drafted at least three weeks prior to the first exam of the exam session being written (when content to study for exams is given to the pupils) and exams are submitted for peer moderation at least two weeks before the first exam of the exam session.
- 11.4. All stipulations for pre and post moderation must be strictly adhered to (see point 4).
- 11.5. An examination session is 2 hours long. Students will be given the full 2 hours to write an exam. Invigilators are required to hand out the exam 5 minutes before the examination period commences. During this 5-minute period, the invigilator briefly pages through the exam with the class, ensuring that all exams are without error. Pupils may not write longer than the allocated 2-hour period and exam papers will be collected once this window period is concluded. If a pupil has not completed their exam in this 2-hour session, the invigilator must

write in red pen on the pupil's exam "insufficient time", to give feedback to the examiner when marking.

- 11.6. Pupils write exams in their homeroom classes under the supervision of their homeroom teachers. Senior primary teachers who do not have a homeroom class are expected to also invigilate. This teacher invigilation time-table will be drawn up and posted by the principal or deputy two weeks prior to the beginning of the exam sessions.
- 11.7. Pupils in Grade 4-7 may leave after their first exam session as long as they are not writing in the second exam session. If pupils opt to leave, they must vacate the school premises between 10h00 and 10h20, through the "Troll Bridge Gate". If the child is not collected during this allocated time-slot, they will be required to remain at school until the end of the second exam session.
- 11.8. Pupils' personal items and pockets may be subject to a search before or during the exam session by the exam invigilator. No notes of any kind (for any subject) will be allowed in the examination room after the exam has commenced.  

Pupils may only bring the following items into the exam session:
- 11.8.1. Stationery appropriate for the writing of the given exam. Pencil cases/bags must be stored underneath student's chairs, with only the relevant stationery on their desks.
- 11.8.2. A book (novel) to read, after the exam has been written and taken in by the invigilator. The book must remain on the floor until the exam paper has been collected and must be flipped through by the invigilator.
- 11.8.3. A dictionary, maths set or calculator (if permission is granted by the examiner).
- 11.8.4. Water bottles which may be kept under the pupil's seats.
- 11.9. Invigilators must encourage children to use the bathroom in the minutes preceding the exam session. Only in extreme circumstances may a pupil be excused for a bathroom break during the exam session (if their paper has not been completed and collected by the invigilator). In such an instance, the pupil must be accompanied by an adult.
- 11.10. Pupils may ask for paper for rough working out/ first drafts during their examination sessions.

11.11. Exam papers are not necessarily sent home after being marked. Parents are welcome to view the exam any time in the term following the report for which the exam was used as a term mark, after which, the exam may be destroyed.

## **12. Report protocol**

12.1. Report comments must be accurate and honest. In the Intersen Phase, comments must centre on aspects of the child's character, personality and work ethic, and not on the marks obtained. E.g. "You didn't do as well as you could in English but well done for your excellent History mark" is NOT viewed as an acceptable report comment. This is a mark reflection. Rather say e.g. "Your enthusiasm for participating in my class discussions is a pleasure". As such, report comments are not dependent on first seeing the marks obtained in all subjects by the learner, but should come from the personal experience of the homeroom teacher with the child.

12.2. Reports are formal documents, and as such, teachers must refrain from using the following in their report comments:

12.3.1. Contractions e.g. *don't* instead of *do not*.

12.3.2. The platitude "good luck".

12.3.3. The use of multiple punctuation marks e.g. Well done!!!!

12.3.4. Long sentences using conjunctions.

12.3.5. Double spacing after a typed full stop.

12.4. Report comments are edited by the principal and deputy principal.

12.5. Once report comments and marks have been edited, reports are run and the principal signs them. First drafts of reports are given to teachers. Teachers are expected to meticulously check at least 5 printed reports (taken from different places in the class register) to ensure that marks and comments correlate with the report spreadsheet saved on the cloud. Issues requiring editing are brought to the attention of the principal immediately.

12.6. It is the responsibility of the homeroom teacher (Grade RRR-7) to make a copy of the final report and to file it in the child's Learner Profile at the conclusion of the academic year.